

Application Note for Speciation Analysis

Species : Monobutyltin, dibutyltin and tributyltin (MBT, DBT and TBT)

Sample Type : Marine Sediment (SOPH-1)

Sample Category : Environmental

Analysis : Species-Specific-Isotope Dilution Analysis+ GC-MS

Sample Preparation Procedure

Recommended Equipment

Sample Weight : 0.05g

Isotopic Spike¹ : ¹¹⁹Sn enriched butyltinmix

Reagent(s) : 4mL HAcO/MeOH (3:1)

Microwave Heating Program

Temperature Target : 70°C

Ramp Time : 1 minute

Heating Time : 4 minutes

Derivatization Procedure

0,5mL Extract + 4mL buffer HAcO/AcO 0,1 M at pH 4,9

Adjust pH to 4.9²

Add 0,5mL Hexane

Add 0,5mL NaBEt₄ (2%w/v)

Clean Up Procedure

Separate Organic Layer

Pass Through Florisil Column

Elute with 4 mL hexane and collect

Preconcentration with N₂ or Ar

Chromatographic Separation

T Injector - 250 °C / Splitless 0.5 min

60 °C(0.5min) to 280 °C (4min)

Ramp Rate : 30 °C / min



Explorer 24



Explorer 'S' Class

5 minutes mechanical shaking

Florisil Column

N-evap or equivalent

Tr-5 Column

5% Phenyl Methyl Siloxane

30m x 0.25mm i.d. x 0.25 µm coating

File: sediment1.doc

Detection and Analysis

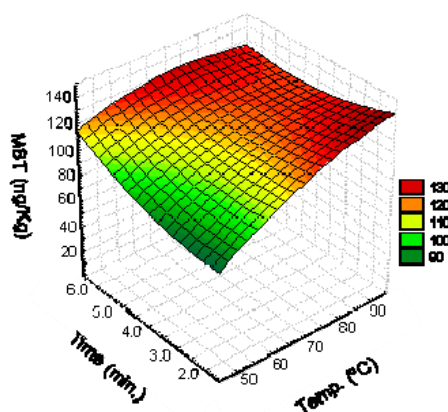
Equipment Used



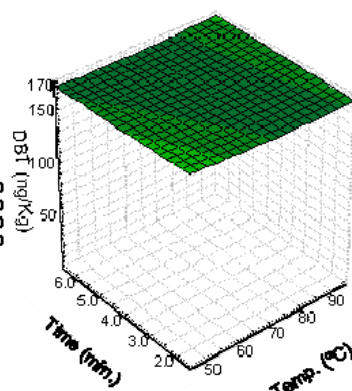
GC-MS: JEOL JMS-Q1000GC

Optimization of Sample Preparation³

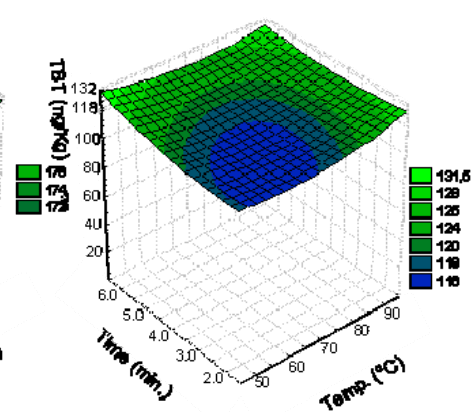
MBT



DBT



TBT



Conditions: 70 °C / 4 minutes

MBT 126 ± 6 ng Sn/g

DBT 176 ± 6 ng Sn/g

TBT 122 ± 4 ng Sn/g

Certified Value :

MBT (Not Certified)

DBT 174 ± 9 ng Sn/g

TBT 125 ± 7 ng Sn/g

¹ Commercially available through ISC-Science (Spain) the addition of the ^{119}Sn -enriched species to the sample was done in a range of 1-10 times the expected concentration of the endogenous butyltin species in the tissue.

² Adjust pH with HCl conc. NH_4OH conc.

³ Be aware that the use of species-specific isotope dilution analysis prevents the degradation of TBT during the extraction.